

Berechne die normalen Brüche

$$2\frac{3}{8} = \frac{2 \cdot 8 + 3}{8} = \frac{19}{8}$$

$$3\frac{1}{4} = \frac{3 \cdot 4 + 1}{4} = \frac{13}{4}$$

$$8\frac{3}{7} = \frac{8 \cdot 7 + 3}{7} = \frac{59}{7}$$

$$4\frac{2}{3} = \frac{4 \cdot 3 + 2}{3} = \frac{14}{3}$$

$$4\frac{3}{5} = \frac{4 \cdot 5 + 3}{5} = \frac{23}{5}$$

$$7\frac{1}{4} = \frac{7 \cdot 4 + 1}{4} = \frac{29}{4}$$

$$8\frac{2}{4} = 8\frac{1}{2} = \frac{8 \cdot 2 + 1}{2} = \frac{17}{2}$$

$$5\frac{2}{7} = \frac{5 \cdot 7 + 2}{7} = \frac{37}{7}$$

Berechne die gemischten Brüche

$$\frac{36}{5} = 7\frac{1}{5}$$

$$\frac{54}{7} = 7\frac{5}{7}$$

$$\frac{61}{3} = 20\frac{1}{3}$$

$$\frac{33}{4} = 8\frac{1}{4}$$

$$\frac{23}{5} = 4\frac{3}{5}$$

$$\frac{43}{6} = 7\frac{1}{6}$$

$$\frac{99}{8} = 12\frac{3}{8}$$

$$\frac{11}{7} = 1\frac{4}{7}$$